



Making Salts

Cut out the cards and place them face down into a pile of acids and a pile of metals. Pick up one card from each pile at random and name the salt that would form in the reaction.

E.g. sodium and hydrochloric acid forms sodium chloride.

Hydrochloric acid HCl forms chlorides	Sulphuric Acid H₂SO₄ forms sulphates	Phosphoric acid H₃PO₄ forms phosphates
Citric acid C₃H₅O(COOH)₃ forms citrates	Ethanoic acid CH₃COOH forms ethanoates	Nitric acid HNO₃ forms nitrates
Sodium Na	Magnesium Mg	Iron Fe
Aluminium Al	Calcium Ca	Zinc Zn
Copper Cu	Gold Au	Titanium Ti



Acids & Metals

Compare the reactivity of different metals with acid.

Method

1. Pipette 3cm^3 0.1M hydrochloric acid into a test tube in a rack.
2. Drop a small piece of magnesium ribbon into the test-tube and cover with an inverted boiling tube.
3. Observe the reaction taking place. Once the reaction is complete, remove the boiling tube while keeping it inverted and place a lit splint over the end of the boiling tube. If there is a "squeaky pop" then hydrogen gas is present.
4. Repeat this process for other metals.
5. Rank the metals in order of reactivity. Justify your order.

Equipment

- 0.1M hydrochloric acid
- Pipette
- Metal samples: magnesium, iron, lead, zinc, aluminium
- Splint, candle, matches
- Test tubes & rack
- Boiling tube

Least reactive \longrightarrow Most reactive